Conjunctions

What are conjunctions?

A conjunction is a part of speech that joins two words, phrases or clauses together.

There are three types of conjunctions:

| Coordinating Conjunctions | Correlative Conjunctions | Common Subordinating Conjunctions |
|---|---|---|
| for and nor but or yet so | eitheror neithernor not onlybut also bothand whetheror | after before although though even even if though as much as as long as as soon as because when where so that in order that unless until when where whether while |

Coordinating conjunctions

Coordinating conjunctions, also called coordinators, are conjunctions that connect two or more equal items. Rember how I said the two clauses are equally important, "They are both main peanuts in the {pakkie}!"

Examples:

- He plays tennis and soccer
- He works quickly but accurately
- You'd better do your homework, **or** you'll get a terrible grade.

Correlative conjunctions

Correlative conjunctions are used in pairs. They work in pairs to coordinate two items. Examples of correlative conjunctions include *both...and..., either...or, not only... but also...*

Examples:

- I didn't know that she can neither read nor write.
- You can either walk to school or take the bus.
- **Both** Sara **and** James are invited to the party.
- Whether you watch TV or do your homework is your decision.
- Not only are they noisy but they are also lazy.

Subordinating conjunctions

Subordinating conjunctions, also called subordinators, are conjunctions that join a dependent (or subordinating) clause to an independent (or main) clause.

Rember how I said the two clauses are different in importance, the main clause can stand on its own and make complete sense." Only one main peanut in the {pakkie}!"

Examples:

- He reads the newspapers *after* he finishes work.
- **Even if** you get the best grade in the writing test, you'll need to pass an oral test.
- Although he is very old, he goes jogging every morning.
- She didn't go to school because she was ill.
- They went to bed **since** it was late
- As soon as the teacher had arrived, they started work.

"So", subordinating conjunction or coordinator?

"So" is a small English word that can have different meanings. As mentioned in the table above, it is commonly used as a coordinator rather than as a subordinating conjunction. There are, however, instances when "so" may introduce purpose and in this case "so" is used as a subordinating conjunction.

Examples:

- "I took my umbrella with me so I wouldn't get wet."
- "I stayed **so** I could see you."

Complete the sentences with one of the words or phrases:

however; as though; in case; to some extent; as soon as; considering; in order to; as long as;

| 1 hard he tried, he still couldn't understand the computer manual. |
|---|
| 2. They took ice-axes with them they needed to cut steps in the ice. |
| 3. We have nothing to fear from our enemies we keep our nerve. |
| 4 that this is Henry's first competition, he has achieved a very respectable score. |
| 5. He became an American citizen promote his business interests. |
| 6. "It looks the same man committed both crimes." said the inspector. |
| 7. While I accept your arguments, I cannot support the action you are taking. |
| 8. " the enemy crosses the stream, open fire!" said the captain. |
| Answers: |
| 1. However |
| 2. İn case |
| 3. As long as |
| 4. Considering |
| 5. İn order to |
| 6. As though |
| 7. To some extent |

8. As soon as